



Product Specifications

VC-6000 Monitoring System

Monitoring Module – SM-610-107

8x Vibration, 2x Axial Displacement Channels, 10x DC Outputs, 6x Relays

The VC-6000 Monitoring System hardware is used for both stand-alone safety monitoring and condition monitoring using the Compass 6000 monitoring software modules and database. The VC-6000 offers various standard monitoring modules, power supply modules and communication modules. These Product Specifications describe the SM-610-107.

Applications

The SM-610 series of VC-6000 Monitoring Modules are designed to provide protective monitoring of various types of industrial machines. The SM-610-107 is specifically designed for monitoring AC/DC vibration and axial position of a machine, such as a steam turbine.

General Description

The features and functions common to all SM-610 Monitoring Modules are briefly listed below. Please refer to the VC-6000 Product Specifications (BPS 0044) for more information.

- Interfacing with the CI-6xx Communication Modules
- High speed digital signal processor
- Relay outputs (logic controlled)
- OK-relay status indication
- Extensive local LED indication
- Flash memory for storing settings and local logbook
- High speed reaction time - 10ms
- Alarm limits with programmable hysteresis and response delay time
- Global trip multiply and override
- Extensive self-monitoring functions
- System bus interface to other modules
- Buffered vibration outputs



Inputs

- 8x vibration signals – up to 4x dual-point measurements
- 2x axial displacement signals
- 3x binary input signals

Outputs

- 10x analogue DC outputs
- 6x relays (3x Danger, 3x Alert):
 - 2x vibration – 1-out-of-8 voting logic for dual-point
 - 4x axial – 1-of-2 voting logic

Measurements

- Up to 8x Bandpass (ISO 7919 or ISO 10816)
- Up to 4x S_{max} or Max(X-Y)
- 10x DC - 2x axial, 8x static shaft position

Input Channel Configuration Combinations

No. of Inputs ¹	Monitoring Module – SM-610-107 8x Vibration, 2x Axial Displacement Channels, 10x DC Outputs, 6x Relays																	
	Channel Types															Additional Measurements		Relay's
	Dual-point Vibr. ² (ISO)	DC-out	Single-point Vibr ² (ISO)	DC-out	Axial Pos.	DC-out	Speed	DC-out	Rod Drop	DC-out	Ref. Exp.	DC-out	Eccentricity	DC Input (Process, Absolute Exp)	DC-out	Bin. in	Vector ³	BP
10	8	4	-		2	2										3		
9/10	6	3	1/ 2 ³	1	2	2										3		
9/10	4	2	2/ 4 ³	2	2	2										3		
9/10	2	1	3/ 6 ³	3	2	2										3		
9/10	-	-	4/ 8 ³	4	2	2										3		

¹ The number of input signals is the sum total of the channels shown in yellow.

² Dual-point measurements can alternatively be set up as single-point measurement.

³ The vector values (1n, 2n, Jn, Kn magnitude and phase, residual values, and overall RMS) are for condition monitoring purposes only.

2x 1oo2 for each Axial
2x 1oo8 for Radial

¹ The number of input signals is the sum total of the channels shown in yellow.

² Dual-point measurements can alternatively be set up as single-point measurements.

Signal Flow Diagrams

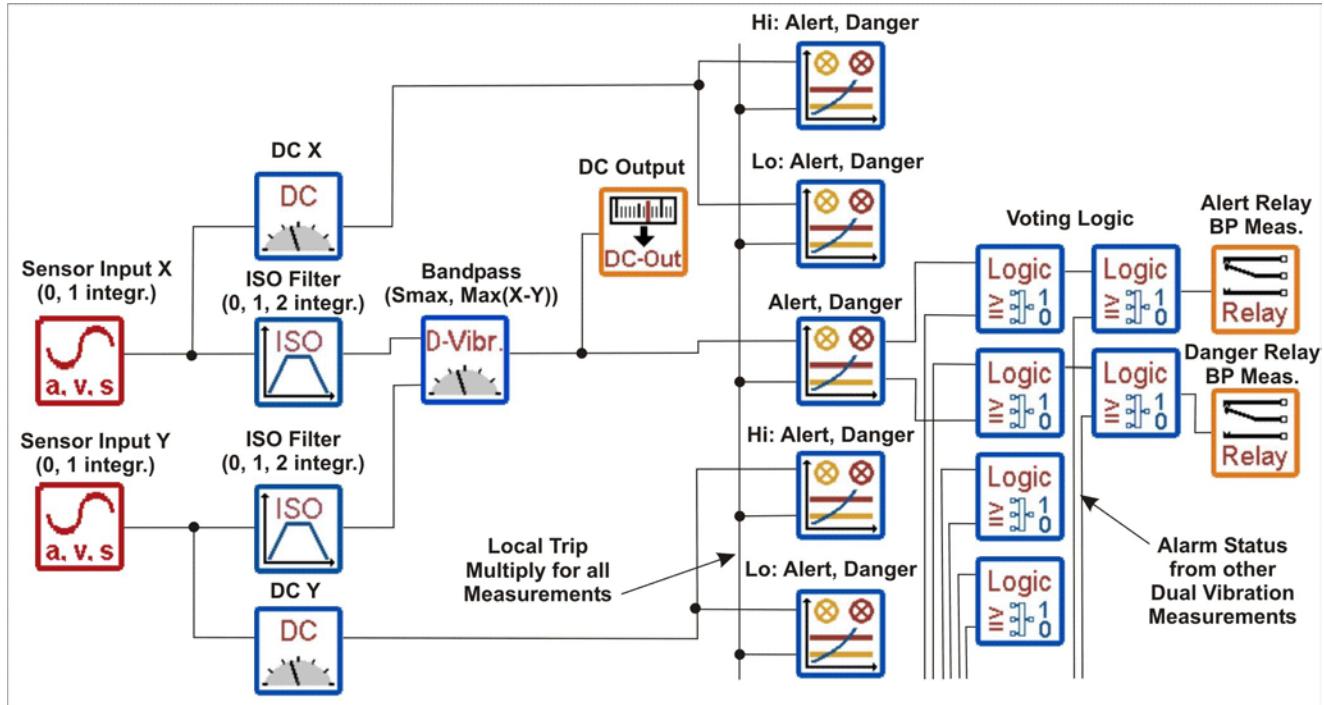


Figure 1. Dual-point AC/DC vibration input (up to 8 channels – 4 pairs). Separate 1-out-of-4 voting logic is used for all bandpass measurements for Alert and Danger relay control.

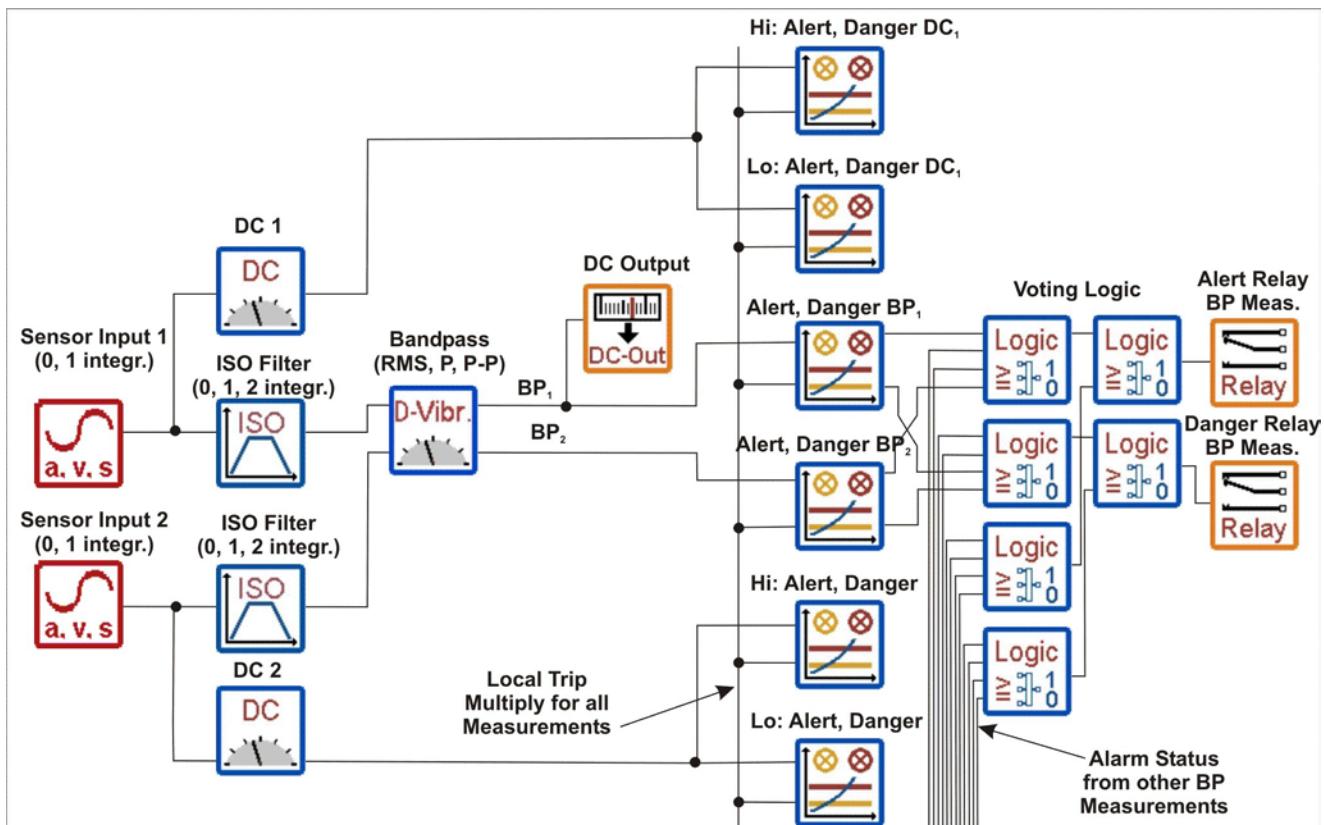


Figure 2. Two single-point AC/DC vibration inputs can alternatively be set up from a dual-point input (Figure 1). Up to 8 channels. Separate 1-out-of-8 voting logic is used for measurement point pairs for Alert and Danger relay control.

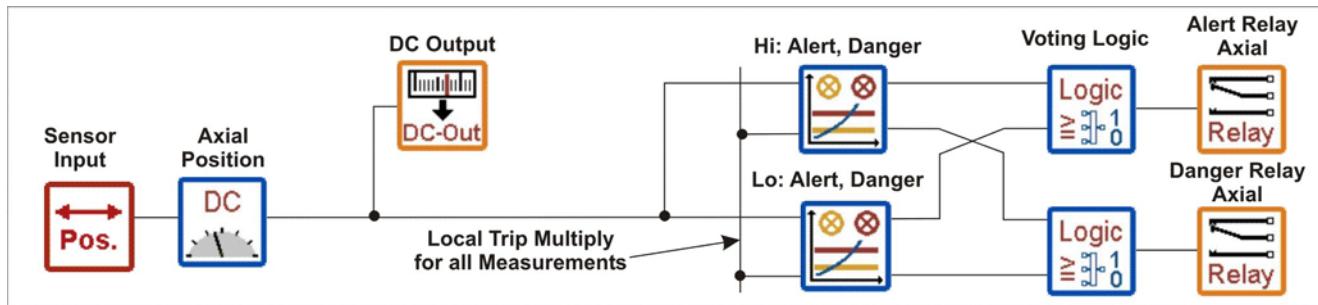


Figure 3. Axial displacement input (2 channels). Separate 1-out-of-2 voting logic is used for axial Alert and Danger relay control.

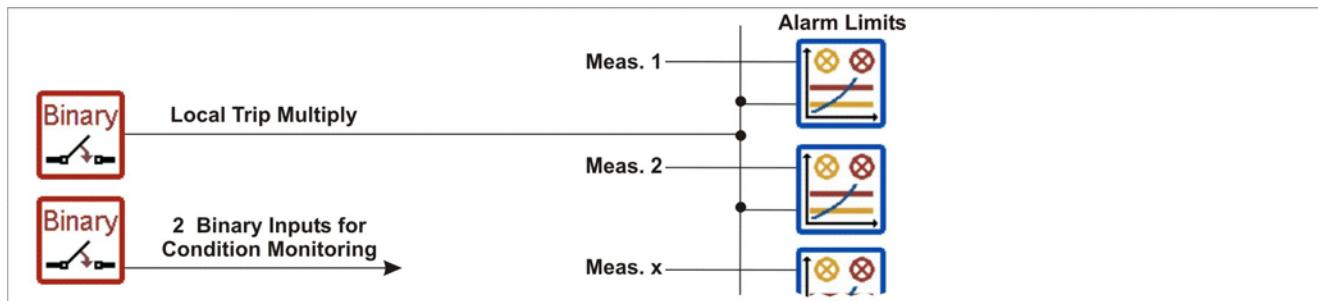


Figure 4. Binary input (3 channels – 1x for local trip multiply of all measurement alarm limits, 2x for condition monitoring purposes).

Technical Specifications

The specifications given below are specific for the SM-610-107 Monitoring Module. See the VC-6000 Product Specifications for features and functions common to all SM-610 Monitoring modules.

AC/DC Vibration Sensor Inputs

Input voltage range -21.5 to -1V

Input frequency range:

Accelerometer/velocity sensor.....0.6Hz to 20kHz
Displacement sensorDC to 20kHz

Input impedance:

Accelerometer.....>800kΩ
Velocity sensor50kΩ
Displacement sensor>800kΩ

Gain:

Accelerometer:
 No integration1 to 80 ($\pm 0.75\%$)
 Analogue integration.....1 to 80 ($\pm 2.75\%$)
Velocity sensor1 to 80 ($\pm 0.75\%$)
Displacement sensor1 ($\pm 0.75\%$)

Sensitivity:

Accelerometer.....adjustable (typ. 100 or 10mV/g)
Velocity sensor . adjustable (typically 100mV/mm/s)
Displacement sensoradjustable (typ. 8mV/ μ m)

Common mode rejection:

DC to 30kHztypically 90dB
30kHz to 100kHztypically 85dB

Maximum accelerometer input signal (100mV/g):

No integration 1.25 to 80g peak
Analogue integration..... 12.5 to 150mm/s peak

Sensor power:

Sensor supply -24VDC $\pm 2\%$
Maximum current30mA

Binary Inputs

Input impedance	3.3kΩ
Response time	5ms
Minimum current load	5mA
Maximum contact voltage	$\pm 50V$

Signal status LOW:

Nominal input voltage	0V
Input voltage range	-50 to 6.6V
Maximum input current	2mA

Signal status HIGH:

Nominal input voltage	24V
Input voltage range	16.5 to 50V
Maximum input current	5mA

Buffered Outputs

Minimum output load	100kΩ
Output gain	1 ($\pm 2\%$)
Cross-talk.....	typically -90dB (up to 50kHz)
Inherent noise (1Hz to 50kHz)	typically 10mV RMS
Output impedance	<100Ω
Frequency range.....	DC to 50kHz (phase shift <5%)
Output offset	$\leq \pm 13mV$

Analogue DC Outputs

Current output:

Current range.....	4 to 20mA or 0 to 20mA
Maximum output load	500Ω
Accuracy	<2.4% of measured value
Offset	<20 μ A

Voltage output:

Voltage range	0 to 10V or 2 to 10V
Minimum output load	1kΩ
Accuracy	<1.3% of measured value
Offset	<9.5mV

Relay Outputs

Nominal working voltage	24V
Maximum current	100mA

Measurements

Meas. Name	Frequency Range	Measuring Time	Detection	Alarm Limits	Measuring Range	Units ¹	Accuracy (25°C, 80Hz, 0-Peak)
Bandpass (ISO 10816)	HP: 1 to 10Hz (-1dB) LP: 1kHz (-1dB) 18dB/Octave (ISO 2954)	Adjustable 100ms to 100s in steps of 100ms	RMS, Peak, Peak-peak	1x Alert, 1x Danger	80g	g	±(0.08g + 0.75% of measured value)
					150mm/s (1 integration ²)	mm/s	±(0.6mm/s + 2.75% of measured value)
					100mm/s	mm/s	±(0.1mm/s + 0.75% of measured value)
Bandpass (ISO 7919)	HP: 1 to 10Hz (-1dB) LP: 1kHz (-1dB) 18dB/Octave (ISO 2954)	Adjustable 100ms to 100s in steps of 100ms	RMS, Peak, Peak-peak	1x Alert, 1x Danger	2000µm	µm	±(10.0µm + 1.0% of measured value)
S _{max}	HP: 1 to 10Hz (-1dB) LP: 1kHz (-1dB) 18dB/Octave (ISO 2954)	Adjustable 100ms to 100s in steps of 100ms	Peak	1x Alert, 1x Danger	2000µm	µm	±(10.0µm + 1.0% of measured value)
X-Y _{max}	HP: 1 to 10Hz (-1dB) LP: 1kHz (-1dB) 18dB/Octave (ISO 2954)	Adjustable 100ms to 100s in steps of 100ms	RMS, Peak, Peak-peak	1x Alert, 1x Danger	80g	g	±(0.08g + 0.75% of measured value)
					150mm/s (1 integration ³)	mm/s	±(0.6mm/s + 2.75% of measured value)
					100mm/s	mm/s	±(0.1mm/s + 0.75% of measured value)
					2000µm	µm	±(10.0µm + 1.0% of measured value)
DC (static shaft position)	-	Adjustable 10ms to 100s	-	2x Alert, 2x Danger	2mm	µm	±(2.0µm + 1.0% of measured value)
DC (axial)	-	Adjustable 10ms to 100s	-	2x Alert, 2x Danger	2000µm	µm	±(10.0µm + 1.0% of measured value)

¹ Metric and imperial units can be used; Metric units are shown only as an example.

² One analogue integration is possible. An additional digital integration can be done but this will result in less accuracy.

³ One analogue integration is possible.

Brüel & Kjær Vibro reserves the right to change specifications without notice